

FREMONT COUNTY CANCER PROFILE

*A fact sheet from the Cancer Data Registry
of Idaho, Idaho Hospital Association.*

**Cancer Incidence 2003-2007
Cancer Mortality 2004-2008
BRFSS 2000-2008**

CANCER

Cancer is a group of more than 100 different diseases, each characterized by uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells. Cancer risk increases with age, and varies by gender and race. As the average age of the population increases, the incidence of cancer will increase as well.

It is generally accepted that 65-80% of all cancers are related to personal lifestyle or environmental factors, such as smoking and diet, and are therefore preventable. Other factors such as age, gender, and family history of specific cancers are also associated with cancer and aid in the identification of people at high risk.

For some cancers, effective treatment is available. For these cancers, early detection saves lives. For example, early detection of breast cancer in women 50 years of age and older has decreased breast cancer mortality by 30%. These patterns indicate opportunities for disease control and for reducing the number of cancer deaths through prevention, early detection, and treatment of the disease. Access to detection services is a key consideration.

RISK FACTORS AND INTERVENTIONS

Aging:

Because the population is aging, the number of new cancer cases and cancer deaths that occur each year will continue to increase unless the trend is reversed by significant improvements in prevention, early detection, and treatment.

Smoking:

Smoking and the use of smokeless tobacco are responsible for the majority of all cancers of the lung, trachea, bronchus, larynx, pharynx, oral cavity, and esophagus. Smoking is the leading cause of preventable death in the United States.

Diet:

The U.S. Department of Agriculture recommends the following dietary guidelines for managing a healthy diet: eat a variety of foods; maintain a healthy weight; choose a diet low in total fat with plenty of fruits, vegetables, and grain products; limit the use of sugar, salt, and sodium; and minimize alcoholic beverage consumption.

Screening:

Early detection is extremely important for those cancers that can be cured and which can be discovered early. Breast cancer is a good example of this, as stage at diagnosis is the strongest predictor for survival from breast cancer.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Cancer Data Registry of Idaho
615 N. 7th Street
P.O. Box 1278
Boise, ID 83701
208-338-5100 Ext. 213
<http://www.idcancer.org>

National Cancer Institute
Cancer Information Services
1-800-4CANCER
<http://cis.nci.nih.gov>

American Cancer Society
2676 South Vista Avenue
Boise, ID 83705
208-343-4609
<http://www.cancer.org>

CANCER INCIDENCE 2003-2007

During the five-year period 2003-2007, 31,924 cases of invasive cancer were diagnosed among residents of the state of Idaho, 247 among Fremont County residents. It is estimated that almost one in two Idahoans will develop cancer during their lifetime.

Cancer Incidence 2003-2007	Fremont County	State of Idaho
All Sites/Types	247	31,924
Prostate	49	5,357
Female Breast	46	4,219
Lung & Bronchus	17	3,906
Colorectal	26	2,935

The table, *CANCER INCIDENCE 2003-2007, COMPARISON BETWEEN FREMONT COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO*, shows for Fremont County the number of observed cases, person-years, crude rates, age and sex-adjusted rates, expected number of cases based upon age and sex-specific rates in the remainder of Idaho, and p-values for tests comparing the number of observed and expected cases. The table also shows the number of observed cases, person-years, and crude rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho.

Comparisons were made for all cancers combined, 23 invasive cancer types, in situ breast cancer, non-malignant brain and other central nervous system tumors and pediatric cancer. Separate comparisons for males, females, and both sexes combined are included.

As the table shows, the crude rate of invasive cancer incidence in Fremont County was 400.4 cases per 100,000 person-years for the years 2003-2007. Compared with the crude incidence rate for the remainder of Idaho (447.9), this gives an estimate of the burden of disease in Fremont County.

The age- and sex-adjusted incidence rate of invasive cancer in Fremont County, all sites combined, was 392.4 cases per 100,000 persons per year for the years 2003-2007. There were statistically significantly fewer cases of cancer in Fremont County (247) than expected (281.9) based upon rates in the remainder of the state (p=.037).

There are many reasons why cancer incidence rates differ by county, related to smoking, other personal behaviors, socioeconomic status, and other factors.

CANCER MORTALITY 2004-2008

Cancer is the second leading cause of deaths in Idaho and in the United States. From 2004-2008, 11,781 persons in Idaho died from cancer, 91 in Fremont County. The majority of cancer deaths are from four primary sites: lung, colon, female breast, and prostate.

Mortality 2004-2008	Fremont County	State of Idaho
All Deaths	429	52,819
Cancer Deaths % of All Deaths	91 21.2%	11,781 22.3%
Lung & Bronchus	13	2,962
Colorectal	10	1,035
Female Breast	14	809
Prostate	8	777

The table, *CANCER MORTALITY 2004-2008, COMPARISON BETWEEN FREMONT COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO*, shows for Fremont County the number of observed deaths, person-years, crude rates, age and sex-adjusted rates, expected number of deaths based upon age and sex-specific rates in the remainder of Idaho, and p-values for tests comparing the number of observed and expected deaths. The table also shows the number of observed deaths, person-years, and crude rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho. Comparisons were made for all deaths, all cancer deaths, and 21 specific cancer types. Separate comparisons for males, females, and both sexes combined are included.

The age- and sex-adjusted cancer mortality rate for Fremont County, all sites combined, was 144.6 deaths per 100,000 persons per year for the years 2004-2008, compared with 161.6 for the remainder of the state. There were fewer cancer deaths in Fremont County (91) than expected (101.7) based upon rates in the remainder of the state, but the difference was not statistically significant.

Statistical Note: Rates and percentages based upon 12 or fewer cases or deaths (numerator) should be interpreted with caution.

Data Note: Mortality data may differ slightly from published official statistics from the Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics.

CANCER INCIDENCE 2003-2007
COMPARISON BETWEEN FREMONT COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Cancer Site/Type	Sex	Fremont County						Remainder of Idaho		
		Observed Cases	Person Years	Crude Rate (1)	A.A.I. Rate (1,2)	Expected Cases (3)	P-Value (4)	Observed Cases	Person Years	Crude Rate (1)
All Sites Combined	Total	247	61,691	400.4	392.4	281.9	0.037 <<	31,677	7,073,103	447.9
All Sites Combined	Male	128	32,076	399.1	384.7	159.6	0.011 <<	17,056	3,555,237	479.7
All Sites Combined	Female	119	29,615	401.8	398.0	124.3	0.678	14,621	3,517,866	415.6
Bladder	Total	6	61,691	9.7	9.5	12.8	0.058	1,434	7,073,103	20.3
Bladder	Male	5	32,076	15.6	14.8	10.4	0.106	1,098	3,555,237	30.9
Bladder	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.4	2.8	0.451	336	3,517,866	9.6
Brain - malignant	Total	5	61,691	8.1	8.0	4.3	0.856	488	7,073,103	6.9
Brain - malignant	Male	5	32,076	15.6	15.6	2.3	0.179	260	3,555,237	7.3
Brain - malignant	Female	-	29,615	-	-	1.9	0.286	228	3,517,866	6.5
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Total	2	61,691	3.2	3.2	5.3	0.198	613	7,073,103	8.7
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Male	2	32,076	6.2	6.2	1.6	0.932	174	3,555,237	4.9
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Female	-	29,615	-	-	3.7	0.050	439	3,517,866	12.5
Breast	Total	47	61,691	76.2	75.5	37.2	0.134	4,227	7,073,103	59.8
Breast	Male	1	32,076	3.1	3.0	0.5	0.792	54	3,555,237	1.5
Breast	Female	46	29,615	155.3	153.1	35.6	0.107	4,173	3,517,866	118.6
Breast - in situ	Total	1	61,691	1.6	1.6	7.6	0.009 <<	863	7,073,103	12.2
Breast - in situ	Male	-	32,076	-	-	0.0	1.000	4	3,555,237	0.1
Breast - in situ	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.3	7.4	0.011 <<	859	3,517,866	24.4
Cervix	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.5	1.8	0.929	222	3,517,866	6.3
Colorectal	Total	26	61,691	42.1	41.3	25.9	1.000	2,909	7,073,103	41.1
Colorectal	Male	16	32,076	49.9	47.9	14.1	0.676	1,498	3,555,237	42.1
Colorectal	Female	10	29,615	33.8	33.5	12.0	0.700	1,411	3,517,866	40.1
Corpus Uteri	Female	11	29,615	37.1	36.3	6.6	0.144	765	3,517,866	21.7
Esophagus	Total	-	61,691	-	-	3.0	0.097	336	7,073,103	4.8
Esophagus	Male	-	32,076	-	-	2.6	0.147	279	3,555,237	7.8
Esophagus	Female	-	29,615	-	-	0.5	1.000	57	3,517,866	1.6
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	4	61,691	6.5	6.6	1.6	0.157	186	7,073,103	2.6
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	3	32,076	9.4	9.3	0.8	0.092	87	3,555,237	2.4
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.5	0.8	1.000	99	3,517,866	2.8
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	Total	5	61,691	8.1	8.0	8.5	0.297	959	7,073,103	13.6
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	Male	4	32,076	12.5	12.2	5.5	0.711	600	3,555,237	16.9
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.3	3.1	0.375	359	3,517,866	10.2
Larynx	Total	2	61,691	3.2	3.1	1.9	1.000	212	7,073,103	3.0
Larynx	Male	2	32,076	6.2	6.1	1.6	0.918	167	3,555,237	4.7
Larynx	Female	-	29,615	-	-	0.4	1.000	45	3,517,866	1.3
Leukemia	Total	8	61,691	13.0	12.8	8.8	0.969	991	7,073,103	14.0
Leukemia	Male	5	32,076	15.6	15.1	5.4	1.000	580	3,555,237	16.3
Leukemia	Female	3	29,615	10.1	10.1	3.5	1.000	411	3,517,866	11.7
Liver and Bile Duct	Total	1	61,691	1.6	1.6	2.5	0.580	278	7,073,103	3.9
Liver and Bile Duct	Male	1	32,076	3.1	3.1	1.8	0.947	193	3,555,237	5.4
Liver and Bile Duct	Female	-	29,615	-	-	0.7	0.953	85	3,517,866	2.4
Lung and Bronchus	Total	17	61,691	27.6	26.4	35.4	0.001 <<	3,889	7,073,103	55.0
Lung and Bronchus	Male	9	32,076	28.1	26.5	20.2	0.009 <<	2,111	3,555,237	59.4
Lung and Bronchus	Female	8	29,615	27.0	25.9	15.6	0.055	1,778	3,517,866	50.5
Melanoma of the Skin	Total	11	61,691	17.8	17.9	14.5	0.443	1,670	7,073,103	23.6
Melanoma of the Skin	Male	4	32,076	12.5	12.3	9.0	0.112	981	3,555,237	27.6
Melanoma of the Skin	Female	7	29,615	23.6	24.2	5.7	0.682	689	3,517,866	19.6
Myeloma	Total	5	61,691	8.1	7.9	3.2	0.445	360	7,073,103	5.1
Myeloma	Male	3	32,076	9.4	9.0	2.1	0.687	222	3,555,237	6.2
Myeloma	Female	2	29,615	6.8	6.6	1.2	0.667	138	3,517,866	3.9
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	12	61,691	19.5	19.2	11.6	0.984	1,311	7,073,103	18.5
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	6	32,076	18.7	18.2	6.4	1.000	690	3,555,237	19.4
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	6	29,615	20.3	20.1	5.3	0.862	621	3,517,866	17.7
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Total	3	61,691	4.9	4.8	6.7	0.193	766	7,073,103	10.8
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Male	2	32,076	6.2	6.2	5.0	0.246	554	3,555,237	15.6
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.3	1.8	0.925	212	3,517,866	6.0
Ovary	Female	1	29,615	3.4	3.3	4.0	0.181	470	3,517,866	13.4
Pancreas	Total	3	61,691	4.9	4.8	7.3	0.135	819	7,073,103	11.6
Pancreas	Male	1	32,076	3.1	3.0	3.9	0.195	419	3,555,237	11.8
Pancreas	Female	2	29,615	6.8	6.7	3.4	0.685	400	3,517,866	11.4
Prostate	Male	49	32,076	152.8	146.1	50.1	0.954	5,308	3,555,237	149.3
Stomach	Total	1	61,691	1.6	1.6	3.1	0.360	351	7,073,103	5.0
Stomach	Male	1	32,076	3.1	3.0	2.3	0.677	241	3,555,237	6.8
Stomach	Female	-	29,615	-	-	0.9	0.792	110	3,517,866	3.1
Testis	Male	2	32,076	6.2	6.5	2.0	1.000	227	3,555,237	6.4
Thyroid	Total	9	61,691	14.6	15.2	7.4	0.662	887	7,073,103	12.5
Thyroid	Male	2	32,076	6.2	6.4	1.6	0.980	188	3,555,237	5.3
Thyroid	Female	7	29,615	23.6	24.7	5.6	0.672	699	3,517,866	19.9
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Total	6	20,752	28.9	28.7	3.9	0.386	395	2,140,489	18.5
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Male	4	10,900	36.7	35.8	2.1	0.310	202	1,094,088	18.5
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Female	2	9,852	20.3	20.4	1.8	1.000	193	1,046,401	18.4

Notes: 1. Rates are expressed as the number of cases per 100,000 persons per year (person-years).
2. Age and sex-adjusted incidence (A.A.I.) rates for county use age and sex-specific crude rates for the remainder of the state as standard.
3. Expected cases are based upon age and sex-specific rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho (compare to observed).
4. P-values compare observed and expected cases, are two tailed, based upon the Poisson probability distribution.
"<<" denotes significantly fewer cases observed than expected. ">>" denotes significantly more cases observed than expected (p=.05).

Statistical Note: Rates based upon 12 or fewer cases (numerator) should be interpreted with caution.

CANCER MORTALITY 2004-2008
COMPARISON BETWEEN FREMONT COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Cause of Death Cancer Site/Type	Sex	Fremont County						Remainder of Idaho		
		Observed Deaths	Person Years	Crude Rate (1)	A.A.M. Rate (1,2)	Expected Deaths (3)	P-Value (4)	Observed Deaths	Person Years	Crude Rate (1)
All Causes of Death	Total	429	62,071	691.1	701.0	443.2	0.517	52,390	7,233,529	724.3
All Causes of Death	Male	239	32,302	739.9	721.6	241.1	0.927	26,473	3,637,051	727.9
All Causes of Death	Female	190	29,769	638.2	668.2	204.9	0.314	25,917	3,596,478	720.6
All Malignant Cancers	Total	91	62,071	146.6	144.6	101.7	0.311	11,690	7,233,529	161.6
All Malignant Cancers	Male	46	32,302	142.4	137.5	56.8	0.165	6,176	3,637,051	169.8
All Malignant Cancers	Female	45	29,769	151.2	150.6	45.8	0.983	5,514	3,596,478	153.3
Bladder	Total	2	62,071	3.2	3.2	2.6	1.000	301	7,233,529	4.2
Bladder	Male	2	32,302	6.2	5.9	2.1	1.000	222	3,637,051	6.1
Bladder	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.6	1.000	79	3,596,478	2.2
Brain and Other Nervous System	Total	4	62,071	6.4	6.4	3.2	0.799	372	7,233,529	5.1
Brain and Other Nervous System	Male	2	32,302	6.2	6.2	1.7	0.989	187	3,637,051	5.1
Brain and Other Nervous System	Female	2	29,769	6.7	6.7	1.5	0.910	185	3,596,478	5.1
Breast	Total	14	62,071	22.6	22.5	6.9	0.022 >>	799	7,233,529	11.0
Breast	Male	-	32,302	-	-	0.0	1.000	4	3,637,051	0.1
Breast	Female	14	29,769	47.0	47.1	6.6	0.016 >>	795	3,596,478	22.1
Cervix	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.4	0.6	0.899	73	3,596,478	2.0
Colorectal	Total	10	62,071	16.1	16.0	8.9	0.787	1,025	7,233,529	14.2
Colorectal	Male	6	32,302	18.6	18.0	4.5	0.603	493	3,637,051	13.6
Colorectal	Female	4	29,769	13.4	13.6	4.3	1.000	532	3,596,478	14.8
Corpus Uteri	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.3	0.7	0.969	79	3,596,478	2.2
Esophagus	Total	-	62,071	-	-	2.8	0.120	319	7,233,529	4.4
Esophagus	Male	-	32,302	-	-	2.4	0.183	261	3,637,051	7.2
Esophagus	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.5	1.000	58	3,596,478	1.6
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	1	62,071	1.6	1.6	0.2	0.420	28	7,233,529	0.4
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	1	32,302	3.1	3.2	0.1	0.198	12	3,637,051	0.3
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.1	1.000	16	3,596,478	0.4
Kidney	Total	2	62,071	3.2	3.2	2.4	1.000	280	7,233,529	3.9
Kidney	Male	1	32,302	3.1	3.0	1.5	1.000	169	3,637,051	4.6
Kidney	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.4	0.9	1.000	111	3,596,478	3.1
Larynx	Total	-	62,071	-	-	0.5	1.000	58	7,233,529	0.8
Larynx	Male	-	32,302	-	-	0.4	1.000	46	3,637,051	1.3
Larynx	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.1	1.000	12	3,596,478	0.3
Leukemia	Total	2	62,071	3.2	3.2	4.7	0.300	547	7,233,529	7.6
Leukemia	Male	1	32,302	3.1	3.0	2.8	0.473	300	3,637,051	8.2
Leukemia	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.4	2.0	0.812	247	3,596,478	6.9
Liver and Bile Duct	Total	3	62,071	4.8	4.7	2.4	0.872	276	7,233,529	3.8
Liver and Bile Duct	Male	3	32,302	9.3	9.2	1.7	0.492	190	3,637,051	5.2
Liver and Bile Duct	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.7	0.955	86	3,596,478	2.4
Lung and Bronchus	Total	13	62,071	20.9	20.3	26.1	0.007 <<	2,949	7,233,529	40.8
Lung and Bronchus	Male	7	32,302	21.7	20.7	15.3	0.031 <<	1,641	3,637,051	45.1
Lung and Bronchus	Female	6	29,769	20.2	19.6	11.1	0.147	1,308	3,596,478	36.4
Melanoma of the Skin	Total	3	62,071	4.8	4.8	1.9	0.605	223	7,233,529	3.1
Melanoma of the Skin	Male	2	32,302	6.2	6.1	1.4	0.812	154	3,637,051	4.2
Melanoma of the Skin	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.4	0.6	0.859	69	3,596,478	1.9
Myeloma	Total	4	62,071	6.4	6.4	2.1	0.342	247	7,233,529	3.4
Myeloma	Male	2	32,302	6.2	6.0	1.3	0.766	144	3,637,051	4.0
Myeloma	Female	2	29,769	6.7	6.6	0.9	0.430	103	3,596,478	2.9
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	4	62,071	6.4	6.4	4.1	1.000	476	7,233,529	6.6
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	2	32,302	6.2	6.0	2.3	1.000	256	3,637,051	7.0
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	2	29,769	6.7	6.8	1.8	1.000	220	3,596,478	6.1
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Total	1	62,071	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.000	183	7,233,529	2.5
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Male	1	32,302	3.1	3.1	1.1	1.000	120	3,637,051	3.3
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Female	-	29,769	-	-	0.5	1.000	63	3,596,478	1.8
Ovary	Female	-	29,769	-	-	2.7	0.131	328	3,596,478	9.1
Pancreas	Total	2	62,071	3.2	3.2	6.7	0.072	774	7,233,529	10.7
Pancreas	Male	-	32,302	-	-	3.4	0.064	377	3,637,051	10.4
Pancreas	Female	2	29,769	6.7	6.7	3.3	0.726	397	3,596,478	11.0
Prostate	Male	8	32,302	24.8	23.7	7.1	0.839	769	3,637,051	21.1
Stomach	Total	2	62,071	3.2	3.2	1.9	1.000	213	7,233,529	2.9
Stomach	Male	1	32,302	3.1	3.0	1.2	1.000	132	3,637,051	3.6
Stomach	Female	1	29,769	3.4	3.4	0.7	0.974	81	3,596,478	2.3

Notes: 1. Rates are expressed as the number of cases per 100,000 persons per year (person-years).

2. Age and sex-adjusted mortality (A.A.M.) rates for county use age and sex-specific crude rates for the remainder of the state as standard.

3. Expected cases are based upon age and sex-specific rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho (compare to observed).

4. P-values compare observed and expected cases, are two tailed, based upon the Poisson probability distribution.

"<<" denotes significantly fewer cases observed than expected, ">>" denotes significantly more cases observed than expected (p=.05).

Statistical Notes: Rates based upon 12 or fewer cases (numerator) should be interpreted with caution.

Mortality statistics presented differ from BVRHS official statistics due to differences in methodology.

Data Source: Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics (BVRHS), Division of Health, Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, 2009.

Cancer Screening and Risk Factors: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)

The Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics (BVRHS), Division of Health, Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, under a cooperative agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, has conducted telephone Behavioral Risk Factor Surveys (BRFS) since 1984 of random samples of adult Idahoans to measure population prevalences of risk factors for the major causes of death, including cancer. The BVRHS provided data sets containing BRFSS data from 2000 through 2008 to CDRI staff, who performed the analyses reported in these *County Profiles*. Data were weighted by probability of selection, and poststratified to 2008 Idaho population estimates by age group, sex, and county. Not all questions were asked in all years. Beginning in 2005, the BRFS was offered in both Spanish and English. A minimum of 30 respondents was required to generate county-level statistics. The cancer screening and risk factor measures were selected to assist in monitoring *Comprehensive Cancer Alliance for Idaho* objectives.

BRFSS: Cancer Screening and Risk Factor Prevalence Estimates, 2000-2008

	State of Idaho	HD 1	HD 2	HD 3	HD 4	HD 5	HD 6	HD 7	Fremont County
Access to Care									
No Health Insurance, Age <65	19.5%	22.5%	19.6%	24.3%	15.2%	24.7%	16.3%	18.0%	25.2%
Cancer Screening									
Mammogram Past 2 Years, Age 50+	71.8%	71.5%	71.7%	66.7%	78.3%	68.8%	70.9%	67.9%	56.0%
Mammogram and CBE Past 2 Years, Age 40+	62.5%	62.5%	62.4%	58.8%	69.9%	59.1%	58.8%	56.8%	48.3%
Pap Test Past 3 Years, Cervix Intact	80.7%	82.0%	80.6%	81.5%	85.9%	77.2%	77.5%	72.1%	74.2%
Sigmoidoscopy/Colonoscopy Past 5 Years, Age 50+	41.9%	40.4%	47.2%	36.9%	48.4%	39.1%	36.6%	39.0%	44.0%
Prostate-Specific Antigen Test Past 2 Years, Age 50+	64.9%	60.6%	62.6%	62.1%	71.3%	66.9%	62.2%	62.3%	60.2%
Tobacco Use									
Current Smoker	18.8%	21.8%	18.8%	20.7%	18.4%	20.8%	17.0%	13.0%	17.3%
Current Smokeless Tobacco User	4.4%	5.4%	5.6%	4.6%	4.2%	4.8%	3.7%	3.2%	6.1%
Other Cancer-Related									
Sufficient Moderate/Vigorous Physical Activity	58.8%	57.9%	58.9%	55.0%	60.8%	57.9%	58.3%	61.1%	70.2%
Eat 5+ Servings Fruits & Veggies / Day	21.6%	22.0%	22.4%	19.2%	23.0%	22.8%	20.7%	20.4%	16.1%
Neither Obese Nor Overweight (BMI<25.0)	40.1%	39.0%	39.6%	36.4%	42.9%	39.9%	39.0%	41.3%	35.5%
Sunburn in Previous 12 Months	47.3%	45.1%	46.1%	42.1%	47.7%	46.7%	50.0%	54.4%	50.6%
BRFSS Respondents	45,701	6,622	6,523	6,475	6,593	6,514	6,509	6,465	464

Access to Care

Health Insurance – 2000 to 2008

Statewide, 19.5% of adults aged 18-64 reported having no health care coverage. Health care coverage differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 17.8% of white non-Hispanics, compared to 41.2% of Hispanics and 32.8% of Native Americans, lacking health insurance. Spanish-speaking respondents were significantly more likely to be uninsured (78.6%) than English-speaking respondents (18.6%). Health care coverage differed significantly by age of respondent, with 30.5% of persons aged 18-24, and 13.0% of persons aged 55-64, lacking health insurance. Health care coverage differed significantly by county, with a range of 11.7% (Oneida County) to 35.2% (Owyhee County) lacking health insurance. Counties with higher proportions of uninsured had significantly higher rates of invasive cancer.

Cancer Screening

Mammogram – 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006-2008

Statewide, 71.8% of women aged 50 and older reported having a mammogram in the past 2 years. Mammography rates differed significantly by county, with a range in screening of 50.2% (Butte County) to 85.8% (Teton County). In 2008, Idaho had the 6th lowest mammography screening rate among states for women aged 50 and older.

Mammogram and CBE – 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008

Statewide, 62.5% of women aged 40 and older reported having a mammogram and clinical breast exam (CBE) in the past 2 years. Screening rates differed significantly by age of

respondent, with 69.3% of women aged 55-64, but only 50.4% of women aged 40-44, being screened. Mammogram/CBE utilization differed significantly by county, with a range in screening of 42.6% (Butte) to 70.8% (Blaine County).

Pap Test – 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008

Statewide, 80.7% of women aged 18 and older (with intact cervix) reported having a Pap test in the past 3 years. Pap screening differed significantly by age of respondent, with 89.5% of women aged 25-34, but only 62.8% of women aged 65 and older, screened in the past 3 years. Pap screening did not differ significantly by race/ethnicity. Pap screening decreased significantly from 84.1% in 2000 to 77.8% in 2008. Pap screening differed significantly by county, with a range of 58.8% (Madison County) to 90.1% (Blaine County). In 2008, Idaho had the third lowest Pap screening rate among states.

Sigmoidoscopy/Colonoscopy – 2001-2002, 2004, 2006-2008

Statewide, 41.9% of adults aged 50 and older reported having a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy within the past 5 years. This type of colorectal cancer screening differed significantly by age of respondent, with 26.6% of persons aged 50-54, and 50.9% of persons aged 65 and older being screened. Males (43.4%) were more likely to have been screened than females (40.5%). Persons with health insurance were almost three times more likely to be screened. There was a significant trend by year of survey, from 33.0% in 2001 to 47.1% in 2008. Screening differed significantly by county, with a range of 22.4% (Gem County) to 55.4% (Nez Perce County). In 2008, Idaho ranked 46th among states in the percentage of adults aged 50 and older who reported ever having a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy.

Cancer Screening and Risk Factors: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)

Prostate-Specific Antigen (PSA) Test – 2001-2002, 2004, 2006, 2008

Statewide, 64.9% of males aged 50 and older reported having a PSA test in the past 2 years to screen for prostate cancer. PSA test utilization differed significantly by age of respondent, with 48.3% of males aged 50-54 and 73.0% of males aged 65 and older screened in the past 2 years. PSA test utilization differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 65.4% of white non-Hispanics, compared to 50.9% of Hispanics and 50.6% of Native Americans, screened in the past 2 years. In 2008, Idaho ranked 35th among states (1st = highest) in the proportion of males aged 40+ who had a PSA test within the past two years.

Tobacco Use

Current Smoking – 2000 to 2008

Statewide, 18.8% of adults aged 18 and older were current smokers. Smoking prevalence differed significantly by age of respondent, with 22.8% of persons aged 18-24, and 9.0% of persons aged 65 and older reporting current smoking. About twenty percent of males (20.1%) and 17.4% of females were current smokers, and smoking prevalence was lower among white non-Hispanics (18.3%) than among Native Americans (37.8%). There was a significant trend by year of survey, with lower smoking rates in more recent years. Smoking prevalence differed significantly by county, with a range of 3.7% (Madison County) to 26.1% (Shoshone County). Counties with higher rates of current smoking had significantly higher rates of lung cancer.

Smokeless Tobacco Use – 2000-2001, 2003-2006

Statewide, 4.4% of adults aged 18 and older were current users of smokeless tobacco. Smokeless tobacco use differed significantly by race/ethnicity, ranging from 2.1% among Hispanics to 8.5% among Native Americans. Smokeless tobacco use differed significantly by age group, ranging from 6.9% of persons aged 25-34 to 1.4% of persons aged 65 and older. Almost nine percent of males (8.6%) and 0.2% of females were current users of smokeless tobacco. There was no significant trend by year of survey. Smokeless tobacco use differed significantly by county, with a range of 0.7% (Madison County) to 20.1% (Camas County).

Other Cancer-Related

Physical Activity – 2001, 2003, 2005

Statewide, 58.8% of adults aged 18 and older exercised the recommended amount (30 minutes or more per day of moderate physical activity on 5 or more days per week or 20 minutes or more of vigorous physical activity on 3 or more days per week). White non-Hispanics (59.3%) were more likely to exercise the recommended amount than Hispanics (51.2%). Physical activity differed significantly by age of respondent, with 67.9% of persons aged 18-24, but only 47.4% of persons aged 65+, exercising the recommended amount. Males (61.4%) were significantly more likely to exercise the recommended amount than females (56.2%). Physical activity differed significantly by county, with a range of 49.1% (Idaho County) to 81.6% (Valley County) exercising the recommended amount.

Fruit & Vegetable Consumption – 2000, 2002-2003, 2005, 2007 Statewide, 21.6% of adults aged 18 and older reported eating 5 or more servings of fruits and vegetables per day. Fruit and vegetable consumption differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 19.2% of Hispanics and 33.4% of Native Americans eating 5 or more servings per day. Males (16.4%) were significantly less likely to eat 5-a-day than females (26.9%). 5-a-day consumption differed significantly by age of respondent, with 17.7% of persons aged 18-24, and 30.9% of persons aged 65+ eating 5-a-day. 5-a-day consumption differed significantly by county, with a range of 14.8% (Owyhee County) to 30.7% (Camas County).

Body Mass Index – 2000 to 2008

Statewide, 40.1% of adults aged 18 and older were neither obese nor overweight as measured by body mass index (BMI <25). BMI differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 40.4% of white non-Hispanics, compared to 35.6% of Hispanics and 32.0% of Native Americans, being neither obese nor overweight. Males (32.1%) were significantly less likely to have the recommended BMI than females (48.6%). BMI differed significantly by age of respondent, with 63.1% of persons aged 18-24, and 29.3% of persons aged 55-64, being neither obese nor overweight. BMI increased at a dramatic rate in Idaho, with 46.2% of adults in 2000 compared to 35.9% in 2008 being neither obese nor overweight. BMI differed significantly by county, with a range of 30.8% (Lewis County) to 57.7% (Blaine County) being neither obese nor overweight. Counties with higher rates of recommended BMI (neither obese nor overweight) had significantly lower rates of colorectal cancer.

Sun Exposure – 2003-2004, 2008

Statewide, 47.3% of adults aged 18 and older reported having sunburn in the past 12 months. Sunburn rates were higher for white non-Hispanics (48.8%) than for Hispanics (30.4%) or Native Americans (44.9%). Males (52.3%) were significantly more likely than females (42.5%) to have had sunburn in the past 12 months. Sunburn rates differed significantly by age group, with 69.3% of persons aged 18-24 and 13.8% of persons aged 65 and older having sunburn in the past 12 months. Sunburn rates differed significantly by county, with a range of 23.7% (Butte County) to 65.0% (Teton County) having sunburn in the past 12 months.

