COLORECTAL CANCER in IDAHO

3,351 cases of malignant colorectal cancer were diagnosed among Idahoans during 2016-2020.

Colorectal cancer rates are 40% higher in Idaho communities with higher rates of poverty.

Colorectal cancer rates are 25% higher among Black Idahoans than among white Idahoans.

1,318 deaths from colorectal cancer among Idahoans during 2017-2021.

Let’s beat colorectal cancer!

• 45-75 is the recommend age to receive colorectal cancer screenings. Healthcare provider recommendation is the primary motivator for Idahoans to get screened.

• Early detection saves lives! Colorectal cancer can be prevented or treated if found early.

• Choose the best screening method – the one that gets done! Patients have several screening choices, including simple take-home options.

Over 3,700 Idahoans alive on July 1, 2020 had a colorectal cancer diagnosis within the prior 10 years.

Health Behavior

• 1 in 3 eligible Idahoans are not up to date on their colorectal cancer screening (2020 BRFSS)

• Idaho ranks 48th among U.S. states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico for the proportion of adults aged 50-75 who are up to date on colorectal cancer screening (2020 BRFSS).

Of every 20 Idahoans diagnosed with colorectal cancer, 7 have died from their cancer within 5 years of diagnosis.

Rates of colorectal cancers have decreased 1.2% per year since 2000.

In Idaho, males die from colorectal cancer at 1.3 times the rate of females.

Even among tumors diagnosed at an early stage, Hispanic Idahoans have ~10% lower 5-year survival post-diagnosis than non-Hispanic white Idahoans.